

### **Report of the Chief Officer - Financial Services**

### **Report to Council**

### Date: 10<sup>th</sup> January 2018

# Subject: Calculation of the Council Tax and Business Rates Tax Bases for 2018/19

Are specific electoral Wards affected? If relevant, name(s) of Ward(s):	🗌 Yes	🛛 No
Are there implications for equality and diversity and cohesion and integration?	Yes	🛛 No
Is the decision eligible for Call-In?	Yes	🛛 No
Does the report contain confidential or exempt information? If relevant, Access to Information Procedure Rule number: Appendix number:	Yes	No No

#### Summary of main issues

Each year, under the Local Government Finance Act 1992, Leeds City Council is required to calculate a council tax base for Leeds and for each parish or town council within the Council's area. These tax bases are used to calculate the council taxes to be levied in Leeds and in each parish/town council for the year.

There is also a requirement for the Council to prepare an estimate of business rates income it will collect in the coming year.

The detailed figures are set out in the main body of the report, but the headline amounts for 2018/19 are as follows:

Leeds Council Tax Base:		225,055.2	
Business Rates <sup>1</sup> : Amount to be paid to Central Government: Amount to be retained by Leeds under the Rates Retention scheme: Amount to be passed to West Yorkshire Fire Fire and Rescue Authority	£187,750,000		
	Rates Retention scheme: Amount to be passed to West Yorkshire Fire	£183,995,000	
		£ 3,755,000	

The Council is required to finalise the council tax bases (for Leeds and the parish/town councils) and the business rates estimates by 31<sup>st</sup> January 2018.

Note: these amounts are indicative at this stage, they will finalised when the NNDR1 return is completed - see Sections 3.10 and 3.11.

# Recommendations

Full Council is requested to:

- a) agree that, in accordance with the Local Authorities (Calculation of Tax Base) (England) Regulations 2012, the amount calculated by the Council as its council tax base for the year 2018/19 shall be 225,055.2 for Leeds and for each parish as listed in Section 3.6, below, and detailed in Appendix 1;
- b) note the indicative business rates shares set out in Section 3.9, and delegate authority to the Chief Officer – Financial Services to make the detailed calculations and to submit the final figures to the Department for Communities and Local Government on or before 31<sup>st</sup> January 2018.

### 1 Purpose of this report

The purpose of this report is to:

- a) seek agreement to the 2018/19 council tax bases for Leeds and the parish/town councils set out in the report;
- b) provide indicative business rates shares for 2018/19 and to request Council to give delegated authority to the Chief Officer – Financial Services to finalise the shares and to submit them in the *National Non-Domestic Rates Return 1 2018-19* on or before 31<sup>st</sup> January 2018.

### 2 Background information

- 2.1 From 2013/14 the Government made major changes to the funding regime for local government. The long-established formula grant system, where funding depended upon local needs and resources, was replaced by a system based upon the capacity to deliver housing and business growth.
- 2.2 At the same time a number of council tax exemptions were removed and council tax benefit was replaced by the Council Tax Support scheme (CTS). In 2013/14 government funding for CTS was reduced by 10% compared to the previous year, and for 2014/15 onwards funding has no longer been separately identifiable.

### 3 Main issues

#### Council Tax Support Scheme

3.1 The council tax support scheme operates as a discount on the same basis as other discounts currently in place, with protected groups currently receiving a 100% discount. At its December 2016 meeting, Executive Board agreed to recommend to Full Council the replacement of the previous Council Tax Support scheme with a scheme aligned with Universal Credit. Full Council supported the adoption of the proposed scheme at its January 2017 meeting, with it taking effect from 1 April 2017. Customers now move on to this new scheme when they transfer to Universal Credit, at which time eligible customers will move off the scheme of automatic protections. Non-protected recipients of council tax benefit continue to be required to pay 25% of their council tax bills.

- 3.2 The localisation of CTS has the effect of reducing the overall tax base for Leeds. Based on the current scheme, as outlined in Section 3.1, the tax base will be reduced by 32,155 Band D equivalent properties for 2018/19.
- 3.3 In the 2017 Autumn Budget the Chancellor announced that local authorities would be given an additional discretionary power to increase the empty homes premium on long term empty properties which have been unoccupied for over two years from 50% to 100%. Increasing the maximum level of the premium will require primary legislation to be introduced to Parliament and to pass both Houses prior to receiving royal assent. Given the timescales involved, it is considered unlikely that the necessary changes will be enacted in time for the 2018/19 financial year. Consequently, the calculation of the council tax base for 2018/19 does not reflect this Budget announcement.

### Calculation of Council Tax Base

- 3.4 Under the Local Government Finance Act 1992 and accompanying regulations, detailed procedures are laid down for calculating the tax base which will be used for calculating council tax. The tax base for the Leeds area is expressed as the number of Band D equivalent properties and will be used both to calculate Leeds City Council's own element of council tax and to notify to the West Yorkshire Police and Crime Commissioner and the West Yorkshire Fire & Rescue Authority for them to calculate their own elements of council tax. The Police and Crime Commissioner and the Fire & Rescue Authority have to be notified of the tax base by 31<sup>st</sup> January 2018.
- 3.5 In addition to calculating the tax base for the Leeds area as a whole, a separate tax base has to be calculated for each part of the Council's areas to which a "special item" of expenditure relates. In Leeds, it is considered that only parish precepts should be treated as special items for these purposes and a tax base is therefore also calculated for each parish/town council.
- 3.6 Details of the calculations for Leeds as a whole and for each individual parish are given in Appendix 1. In summary, the council tax base for Leeds is calculated at 225,055.2 Band D equivalent properties. This is calculated estimating changes from the Valuation Office Agency's Valuation List that will take place during 2018/19 by reference to the following:
  - provision for successful appeals,
  - provision for exempt properties,
  - changes in number of properties (demolitions and new additions),
  - estimated single person and other discounts, and
  - estimated collection rate.

The equivalent amounts for each of the parishes are:

	Taxbase	Taxbase
PARISH OF	Numbers	Numbers
	2017/18	2018/19
Aberford and District	769.1	773.8
Allerton Bywater	1,382.9	1,429.3
Alwoodley	3,652.9	3,650.9
Arthington	285.2	284.7
Austhorpe	25.4	25.4
Bardsey cum Rigton	1,126.8	1,126.5
Barwick in Elmet and Scholes	1,983.1	1,985.4
Boston Spa	1,957.8	2,015.4
Bramham cum Oglethorpe	740.3	732.6
Bramhope and Carlton	1,816.1	1,815.3
Clifford	735.9	742.9
Collingham with Linton	1,706.4	1,704.1
Drighlington	1,851.3	1,865.4
East Keswick	587.5	585.3
Gildersome	1,809.1	1,832.7
Great and Little Preston	580.3	603.3
Harewood	1,829.4	1,833.2
Horsforth	7,077.6	7,294.9
Kippax	2,864.3	2,884.6
Ledsham	94.7	96.1
Ledston	157.2	159.2
Micklefield	499.4	510.2
Morley	10,460.1	10,642.8
Otley	4,929.2	4,979.0
Pool in Wharfedale	944.7	955.7
Rawdon	2,677.7	2,694.2
Scarcroft	814.2	811.5
Shadwell	972.8	970.9
Swillington	949.6	954.5
Thorner	748.2	754.1
Thorp Arch	375.1	375.5
Walton	115.9	116.9
Wetherby	4,645.7	4,707.4
Wothersome	9.7	8.2

3.7 The council tax requirement for 2018/19, which will be decided by Council in February 2018, will be divided by the calculated council tax base to arrive at the council tax for a Band D property, from which the council taxes for other valuation bands will be calculated.

#### **Business Rates**

3.8 Under the current Business Rates Retention Scheme, introduced by the Local Government Finance Act 2012, the Council has to calculate the amounts of business rates it will collect in 2018/19. Under this scheme, the Business Rates collected have to be shared between Leeds itself, Central Government and the West Yorkshire Fire and Rescue Authority in the following proportions:

- 49% retained by Leeds;
- 50% passed to Central Government;
- 1% passed to West Yorkshire Fire and Rescue Authority.
- 3.9 The headline amounts are currently estimated as follows:

•	Total Business Rates collected	£3	75,500,000
	Of which;		
•	to be paid to Central Government to be retained by Leeds to be passed to West Yorkshire Fire and Rescue Authority	£1	87,750,000 83,995,000 3,755,000

- 3.10 Alongside the Provisional Local Government Settlement announced on 19<sup>th</sup> December 2017, Government announced that the Leeds City Region Business Rates Pool, of which Leeds is a member, has been successful in its application to pilot 100% business rates retention in 2018/19. This pilot will allow the Pool to retain all additional growth in business rates above the business rates baseline determined by Government, whereas currently 50% of that growth income is remitted to Government. The Pool member authorities have agreed that they will retain 50% of this additional growth income to improve financial stability within their authorities, with the Pool itself retaining 50% to continue to support and enable regional economic growth. Leeds and the other Pool member authorities now need to recalculate their estimated business rates income and until this information is available for all members it is not possible to produce updated estimates for Leeds which reflect the award of the 100% pilot.
- 3.11 The actual amounts will therefore differ from those in Section 3.9 above and will be calculated using DCLG's National Non Domestic Rate Return 1 (NNDR1) which has to be completed and sent back to DCLG by 31<sup>st</sup> January 2018. The return has only just been received and the updated data required to complete it will not be available until the middle of January.
- 3.12 The final estimated amount to be retained for Leeds will be used in the development of the 2018/19 budget which is to be considered by Executive Board on 7<sup>th</sup> February and agreed by Council on 21<sup>st</sup> February.

# 4 Corporate Considerations

# 4.1 Consultation and Engagement

4.1.1 The matters set out in this report are purely factual and arise from calculations made using internal council tax and business rates records. As such, they are not subject to consultation or engagement.

# 4.2 Equality and Diversity / Cohesion and Integration

4.2.1 The information contained in this report will inform the development of the 2018/19 budget which will be considered by Executive Board on 7<sup>th</sup> February, and agreed by Council on 21<sup>st</sup> February. The report itself has no specific implications for equality, diversity, cohesion

or integration. A screening assessment has been carried out and is appended to this report.

# 4.3 Council policies and Best Council Plan

4.3.1 As outlined above, this report will inform the development of the budget for 2018/19. The budget process seeks to ensure that financial resources are used to support the Council's policies and priorities.

# 4.4 Resources and value for money

4.4.1 This is a financial report and the financial and resource implications are detailed in the main body of the report.

# 4.5 Legal Implications, Access to Information and Call In

4.5.1 The decisions requested in this report will enable the City Council to fulfil its responsibilities under the Local Government Finance Act 1992 and the Local Government Finance Act 2012 in relation to council tax discounts and exemptions. The decisions relating to council tax bases and business rates estimates will enable the Council to finalise its budget and set a legal council tax for 2018/19.

# 4.6 Risk Management

4.6.1 The risks associated with the council tax base and the business rates estimates will be assessed as part of the budget-setting process and will be included in the budget proposals to be considered by Executive Board and Council in February.

# 5 Recommendations

- 5.1 Members are requested to:
  - agree that, in accordance with the Local Authorities (Calculation of Tax Base) (England) Regulations 2012, the amount calculated by the Council as its council tax base for the year 2018/19 shall be 225,055.2 for Leeds and for each parish as listed in Section 3.6, above, and detailed in Appendix 1;
  - b) note the indicative business rates shares set out in Section 3.9, above, and delegate authority to the Chief Officer – Financial Services to make the detailed calculations and to submit the final figures to the Department for Communities and Local Government on or before 31<sup>st</sup> January 2018.

# 6 Background documents<sup>2</sup>

None.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The background documents listed in this section are available to download from the Council's website, unless they contain confidential or exempt information. The list of background documents does not include published works.